LOWER BRAZOS RIVER FLOODPLAIN PROTECTION PLANNING STUDY

Angleton, Texas February 16, 2018

Reasons for the Study

- * One of the fastest growing areas in the country
- Hydrologic and hydraulic models/data are dated outside of Fort Bend County
- Need for consistent modeling methodology across county boundaries
- Need to assess lower Brazos watershed from a comprehensive basinwide perspective (existing conditions and alternatives)
- * 10,000 square miles of uncontrolled drainage area



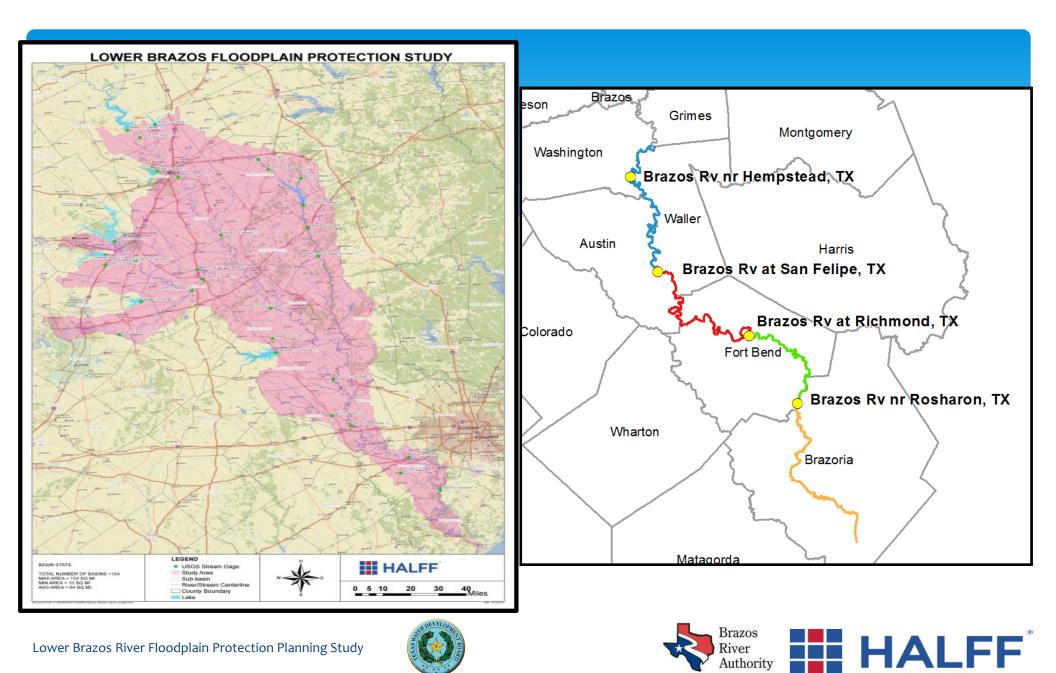


Goals of the Study

- Quantify existing flooding issues and flood damage reduction alternatives
- * Update hydrologic and hydraulic data for the lower Brazos
 River (above Hempstead gauge to mouth across 5 counties)
- * Calibrate new models to historical events and provide flood volumes, flood depths, and flood durations
- Facilitate land use planning, emergency response, and sound floodplain management







Where are We Today?

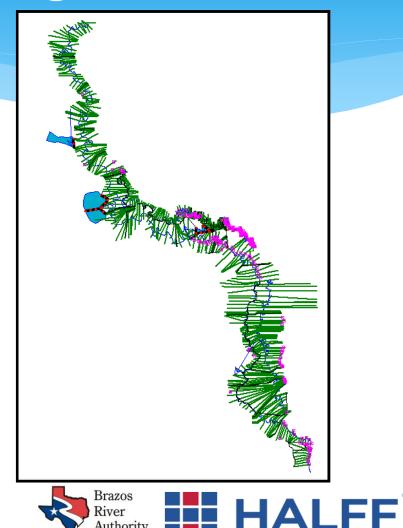
- Contract was extended to include additional modelling for the impacts of Hurricane Harvey
- * Basin wide hydrology is 100% complete
- Hydraulics models are 100% complete from the Washington/Waller County Line to the Gulf of Mexico
- * Floodplain mapping in progress
- * Alternative Analysis is underway
- * Flood Damage Analysis Modeling is underway
- * Environmental Constraints Analysis is underway





Additional Modelling Efforts

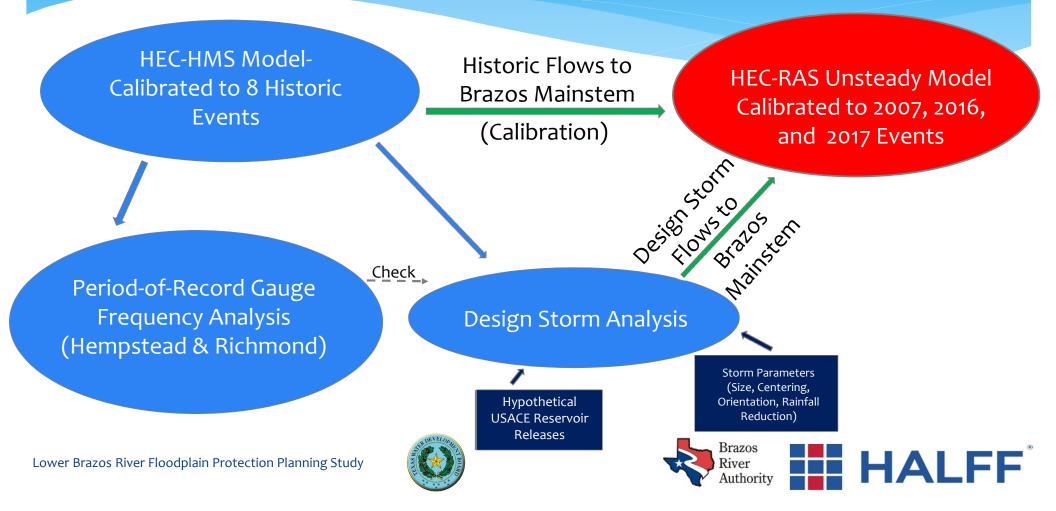
- Calibration to Hurricane Harvey *
- Additional Overflow Areas *
 - Bessie's Creek *
 - Ditch H *
 - **Oyster Creek** *
 - **Bullhead Bayou** *
 - **Brooks Lake Division** *



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Baseline H&H Modeling



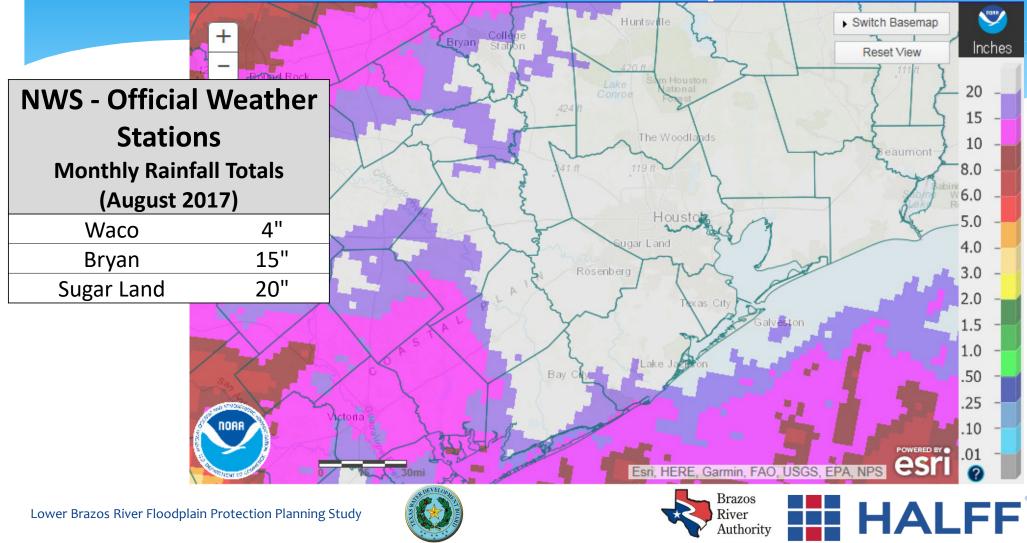








NOAA Observed Precipitation



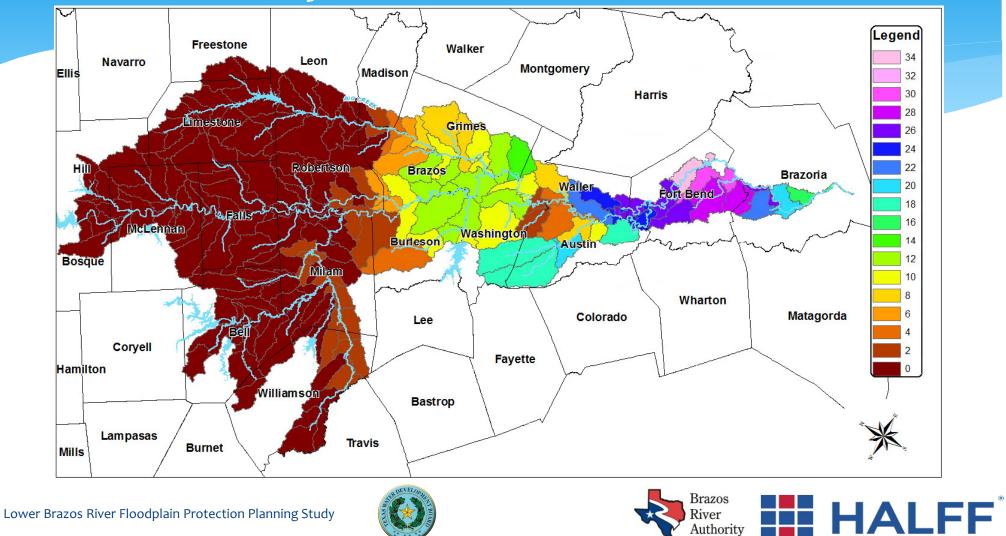
Harvey USGS Gage Peaks

USGS Gauge	Peak Flow	Peak Stage NAVD88
Hempstead	101,000 cfs Aug 28 17:00	159.14 ft Aug 28 17:00
San Felipe	146,000 cfs Aug 28 03:00	129.00 ft Aug 28 03:30
Richmond	126,000 Sep 1 00:00	82.20 ft Sep 1 00:00
Rosharon	133,000 Aug 29 18:00	52.65 ft Aug 29 18:00





Harvey HMS Model Rainfall



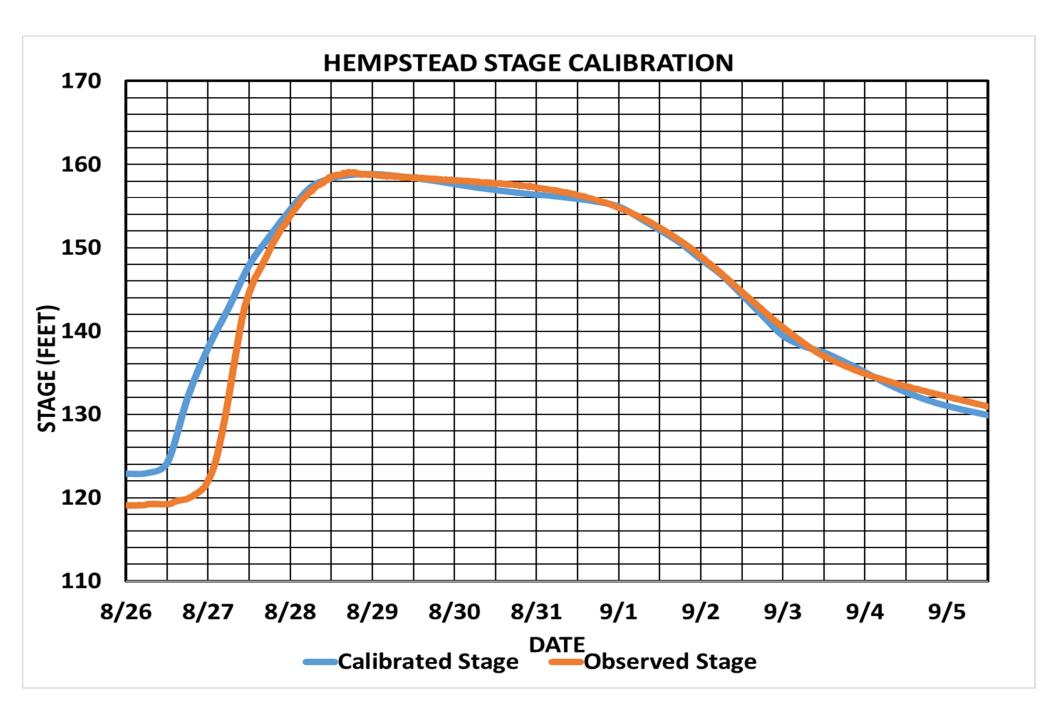
Brazos Rv Nr Hempstead, Tx

- Waller County, TX *
- Located on US Hwy 290 *
- Contributing Drainage Area = * 34,314 sq mi
- Gage Datum = 107.90 NGVD29 *
- * Period of Record 1938 through Current Date
 - * 79 Years of Record



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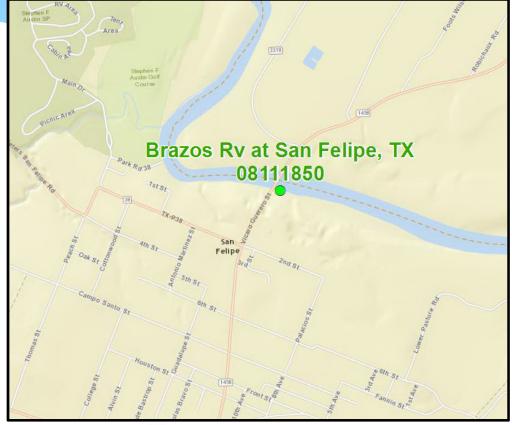


Brazos Rv at San Felipe, TX

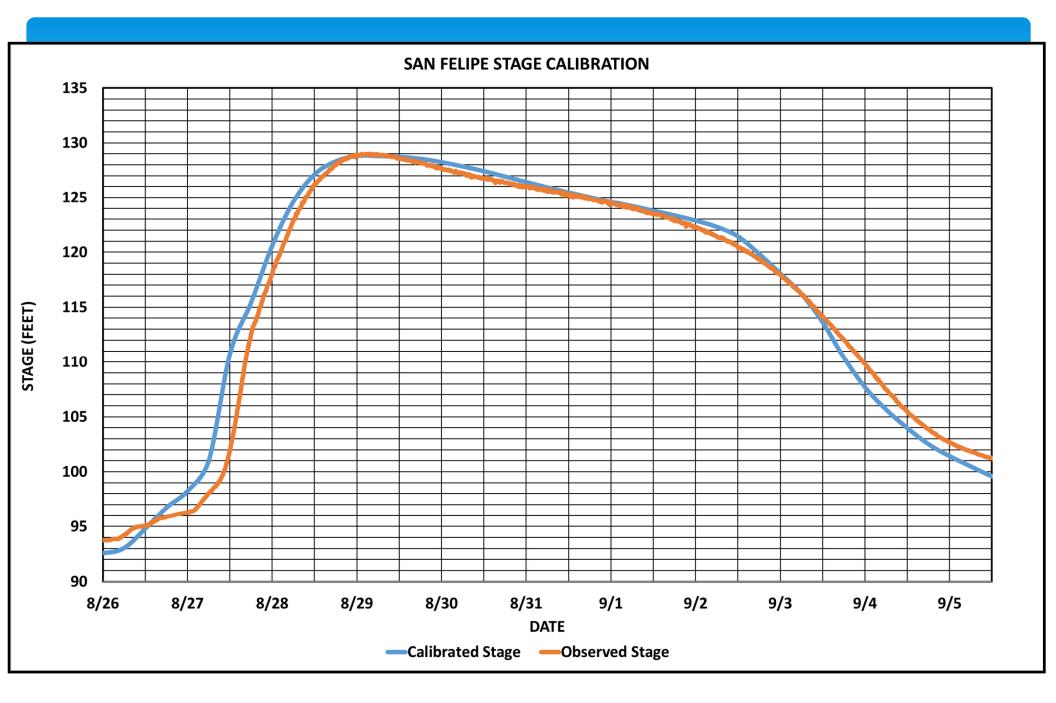
- * Austin County, TX
- * Located on FM 1458
- Contributing Drainage Area = 44,670 sq mi
- Gage Datum = 0 feet above NGVD88
- Period of Record August
 2013 through Current Date
 4 Years of Record







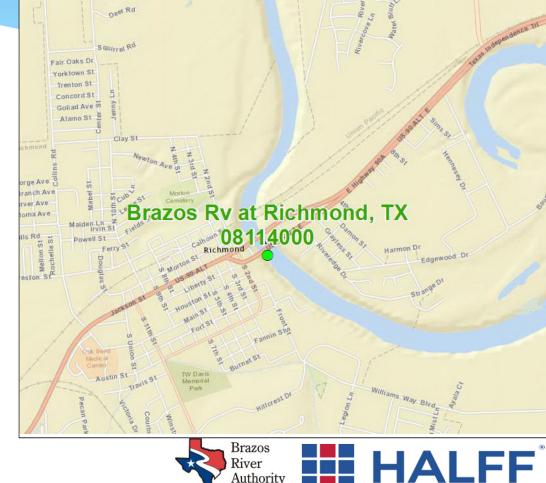


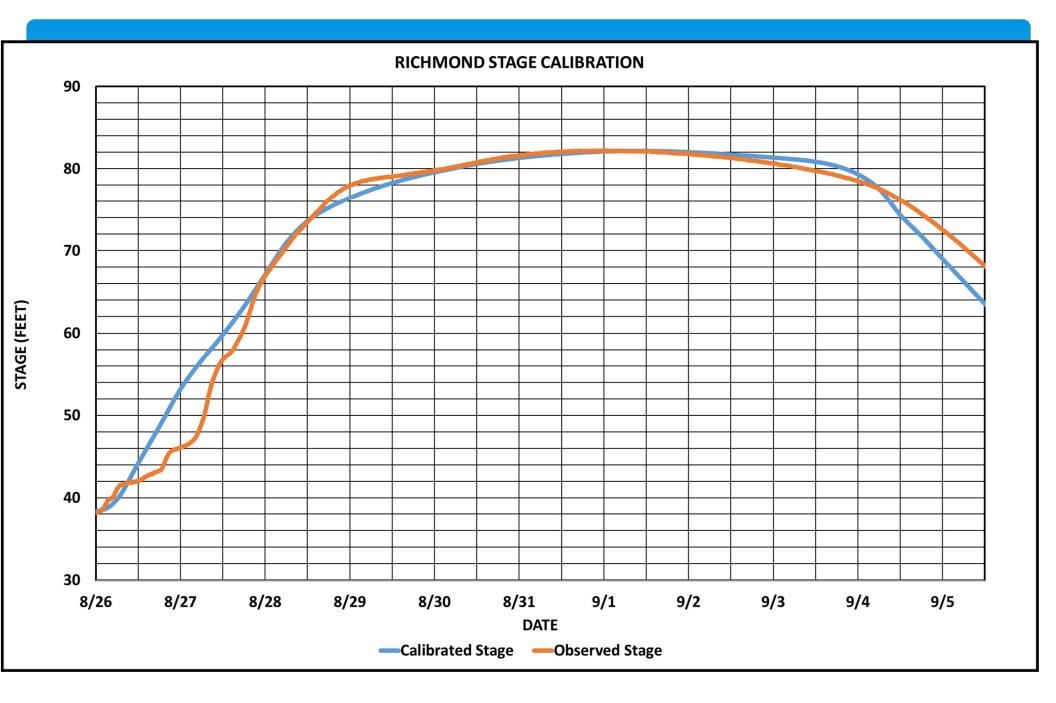


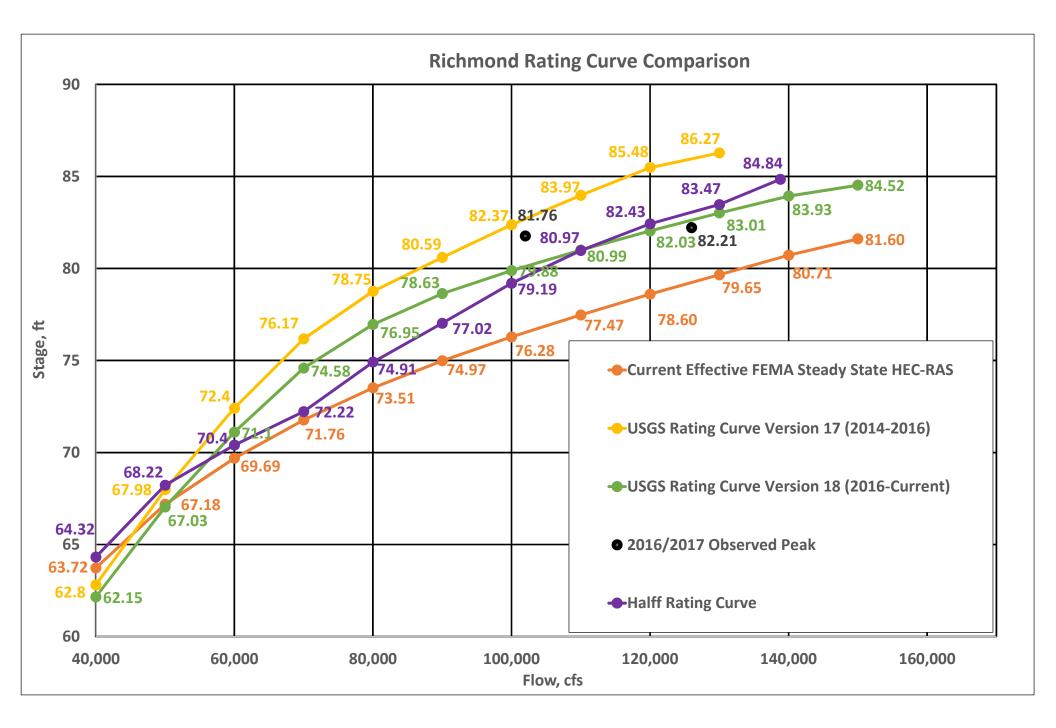
Brazos Rv at Richmond, TX

- * Fort Bend County, TX
- * Located on Highway 90A
- Contributing Drainage Area = 35,541 sq mi
- Gage Datum = 27.94 feet above NGVD29
- Period of Record 1922 through Current Date
 - * 95 Years of Record







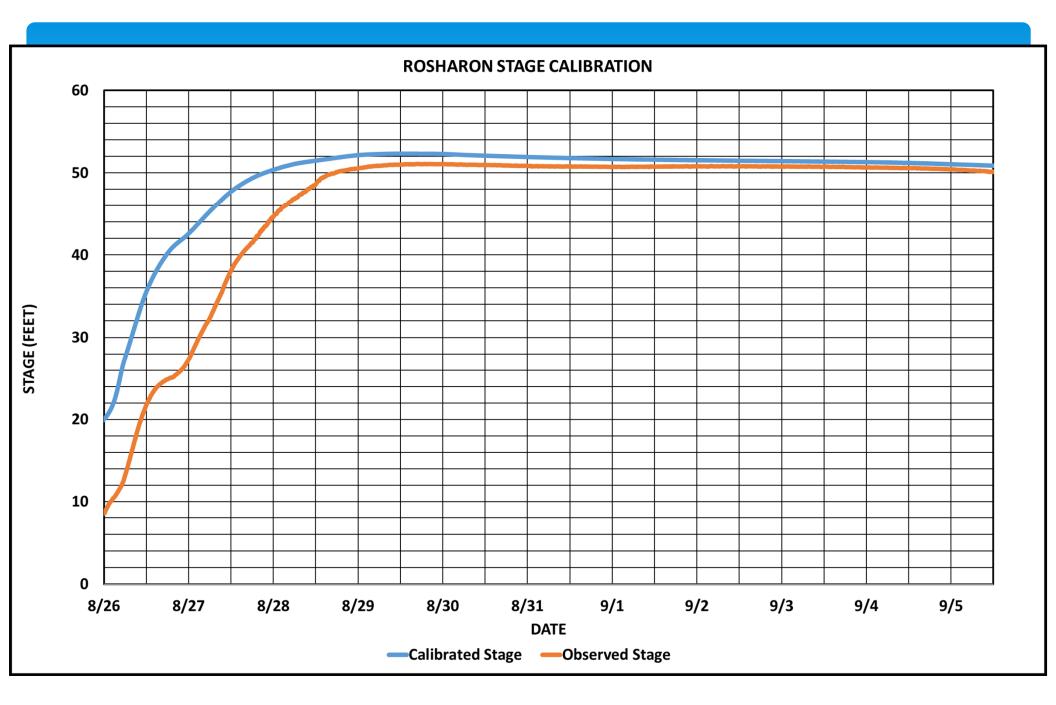


Brazos Rv at Rosharon, TX

- * Brazoria County, TX
- * Located at FM 1462
- Contributing Drainage Area = 35,773 sq mi
- * Gage Datum = 0 feet above NGVD29
- Period of Record 1967 through Current Date
 - * 49 Years of Record





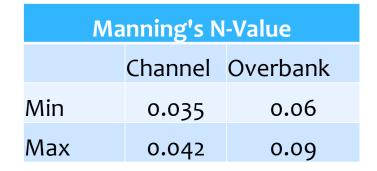


Hempstead

Event	Peak Observed Flow cfs	Peak Model Flow cfs	Peak Observed Stage ft	Peak Modelled Stage ft
2007	80,100	77,500	153.38	155.55
2016	157,000	142,500	162.79	162.44
2017	101,000	113,700	159.14	158.89

Average Roughr	ness Coefficients
Low Flow	0.78
High Flow	1.16

*Low flow is below 80,000 cfs *High flow is above 80,000 cfs



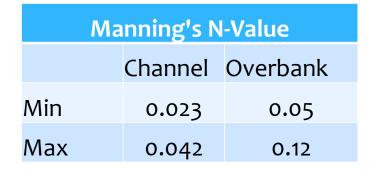


San Felipe

Event	Peak Observed Flow cfs	Peak Model Flow cfs	Peak Observed Stage ft	Peak Modelled Stage ft
2007	-	-	-	-
2016	143,000	137,900	128.85	128.3
2017	146,000	148,000	129	128.83

Average Roughness Coefficients						
Low Flow	1.09					
High Flow	1.37					

*Low flow is below 80,000 cfs *High flow is above 80,000 cfs





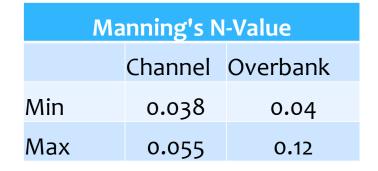


Richmond

Event	Peak Observed Flow cfs	Peak Model Flow cfs	Peak Observed Stage ft	Peak Modelled Stage ft	
2007	72,100	70,600	72.82	72.62	
2016	102,000	109,700	81.76	81.83	
2017	126,000	125,300	82.21	82.19	

Average Roughness Coefficients					
Low Flow	1.07				
High Flow	1.35				

*Low flow is below 80,000 cfs *High flow is above 80,000 cfs



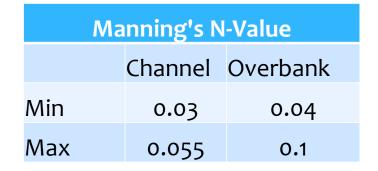


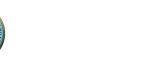
Rosharon

Event	Peak Observed Flow cfs	Peak Model Flow cfs	Peak Observed Stage ft	Peak Modelled Stage ft	
2007	67,800	69,000	48.71	49.06	
2016	112,000	117,700	50.5	50.58	
2017	133,000	134,600	52.65	52.34	

Average Roughness Coefficients						
Low Flow	1.04					
High Flow	1.44					

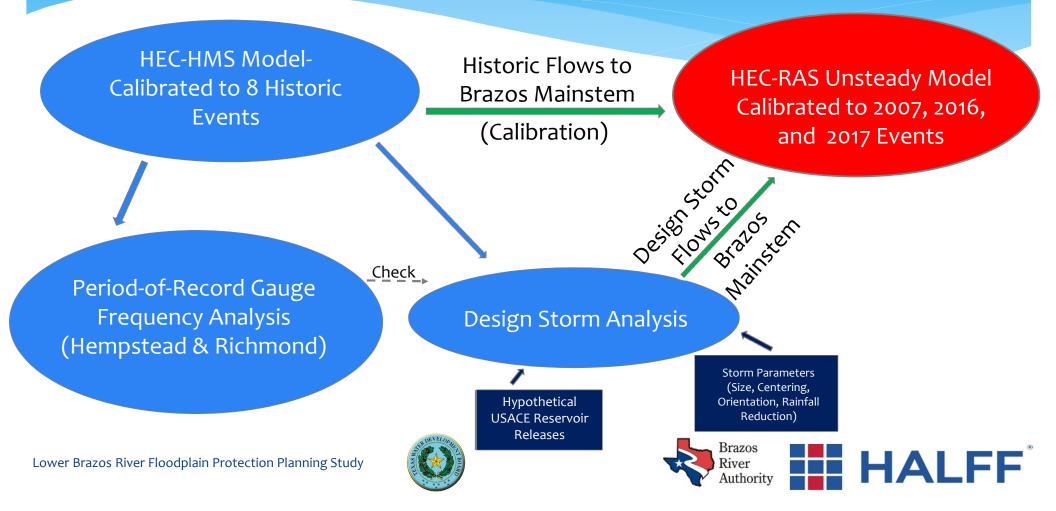
*Low flow is below 80,000 cfs *High flow is above 80,000 cfs







Baseline H&H Modeling



Hydrologic Model

* Lower Brazos HMS Model

- * 9,766 sq. mi. below 7 USACE reservoirs
- * 154 sub-basins (63 sq. mi. avg. size)
- * 114 routing reaches (over 1,240 river miles modeled)
- Reach Routing
 - * Muskingum Brazos & Navasota
 - * Modified Puls Elsewhere
- Above Hempstead Gauge
 - * Initial and Constant Loss Method
 - * Snyder Unit Hydrograph Method
- Below Hempstead Gauge
 - * Exponential Loss Method
 - * Clark Unit Hydrograph Method



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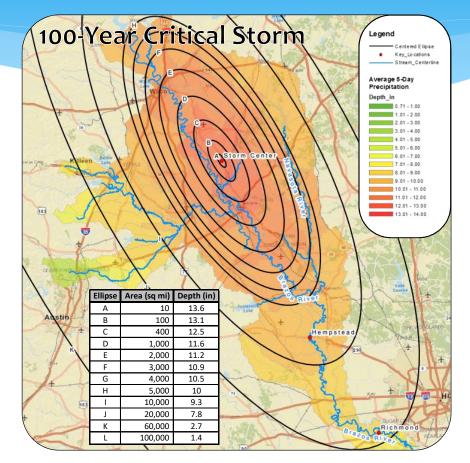
Design Storm Analysis

Lower Brazos Critical Storm

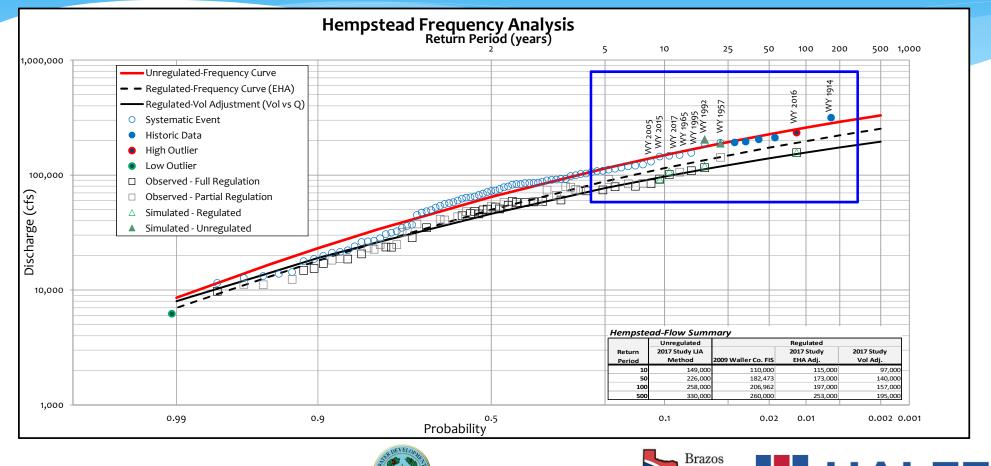
- * Located near Hwy. 6 and 14
- * Near Bremond
- Orientated 330° CW from N
- Location and Orientation used for all frequencies
- * Maximum 5-Day Depths
 - * 10-yr = 8.4" 50-yr = 12.0"
 - * 100-yr = 13.6" 500-yr = 17.7"
- * Rainfall Source: Asquith 2004
- Aerial Reduction: SWF Curve up to 10,000 sq mi extended using TS Cluadette up to 200,000 sq mi.



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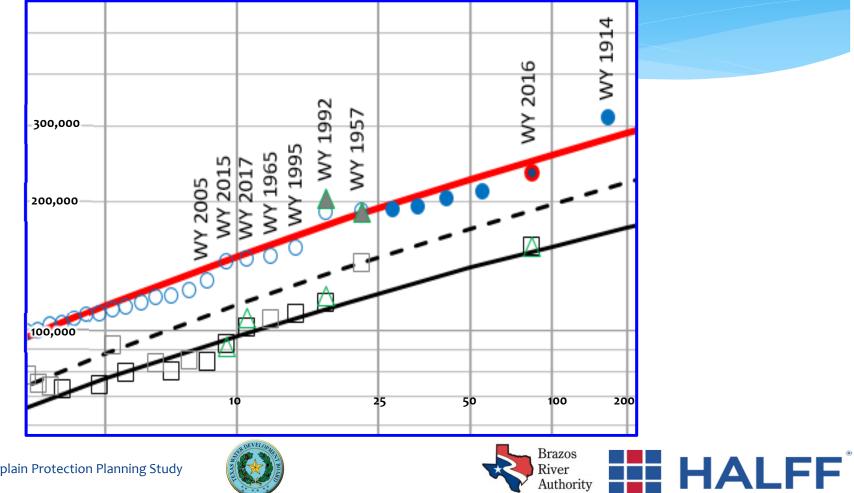




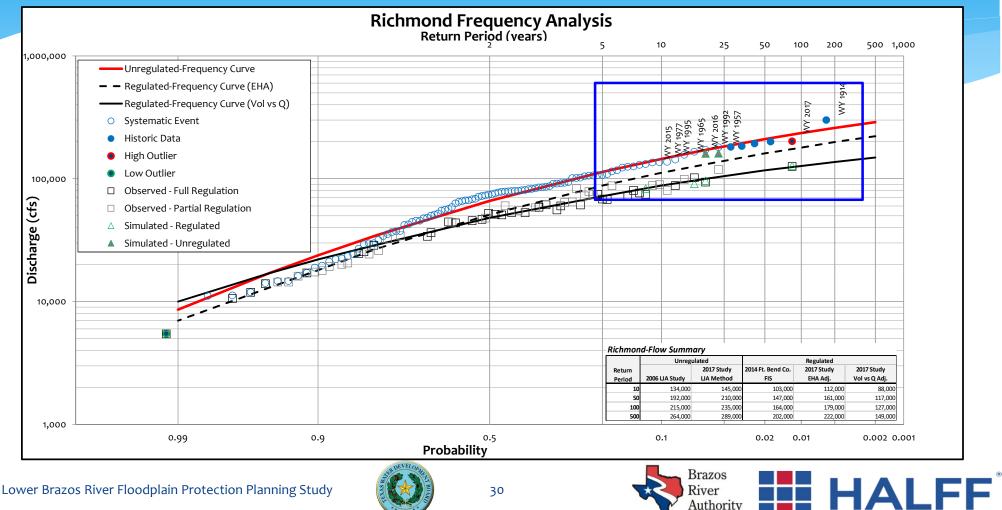
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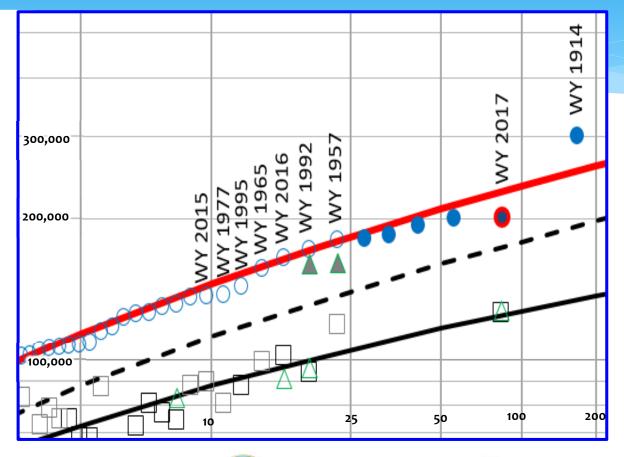


Lower Brazos River Floodplain Protection Planning Study





Authority







Preliminary Discharge Comparison

Hempstead			San F	elipe	
Return Period	2009 Waller Co. FIS	Gage Freq. Storm Analysis	HEC-RAS Design Storm Analysis	Return Period	HEC-RAS Design Storm Analysis
10-Year	110,000	97,000		10-Year	
50-Year	182,473	140,000		50-Year	
100-Year	206,962	157,000	166,000	100-Year	165,000
500-Year	260,000	195,000		500-Year	
100-yr WSEL	169.0		163.13		

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Preliminary Discharge Comparison

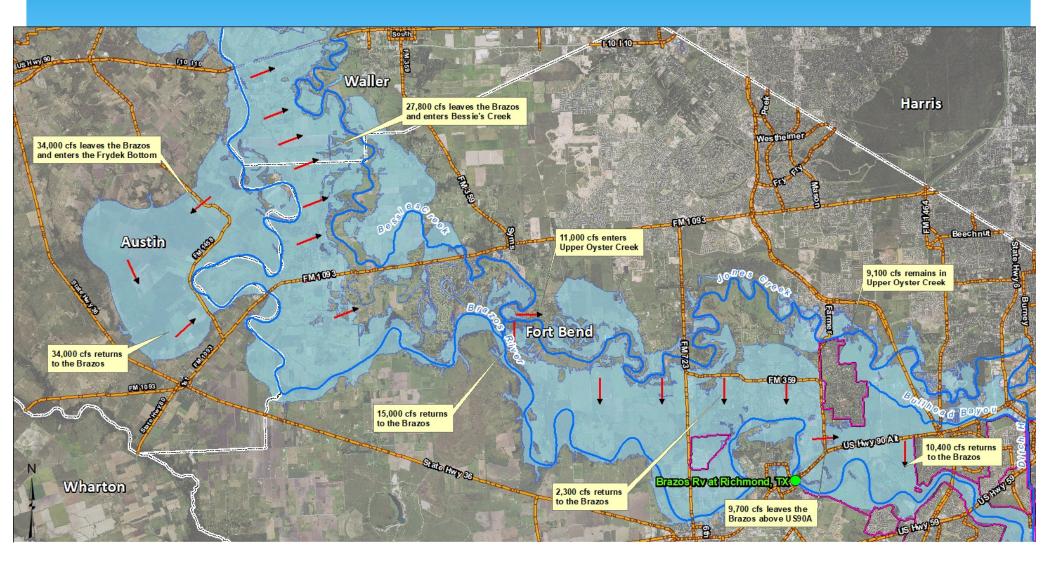
Richmond				Rosharor	1	
Return Period	2014 Ft. Bend Co. FIS	Gage Freq. Storm Analysis	HEC-RAS Design Storm Analysis	Return Period	2014 Ft. Bend Co. FIS	HEC-RAS Design Storm Analysis
10-Year	103,000	88,000		10-Year	103,000	
50-Year	147,000	117,000		50-Year	145,000	
100-Year	164,000	127,000	139,000	100-Year	162,000	156,000
500-Year	202,000	148,000		500-Year	200,000	
100-yr WSEL	82.8		84.84	100-yr WSEL	52.0	51.24

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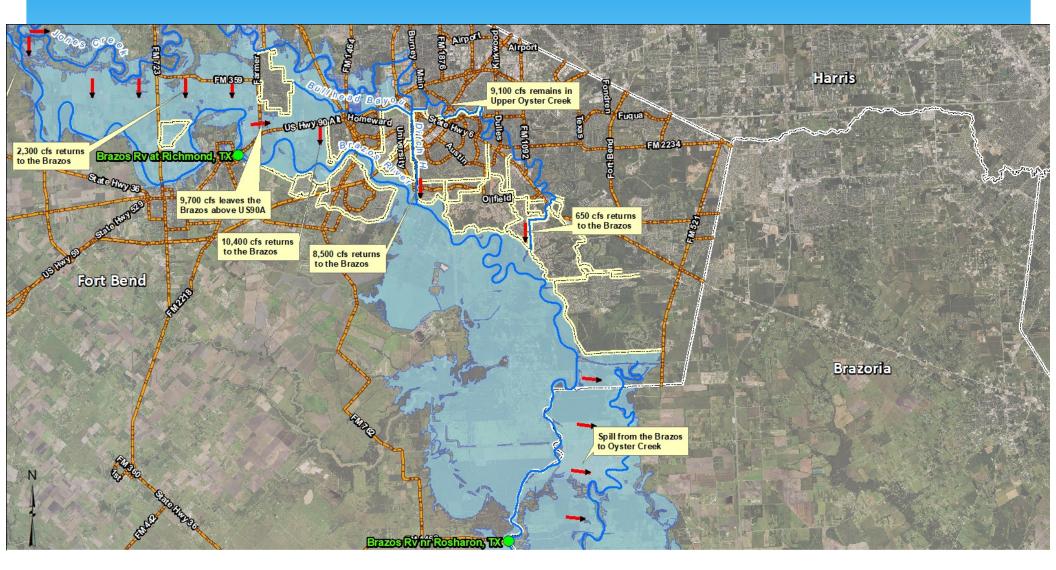


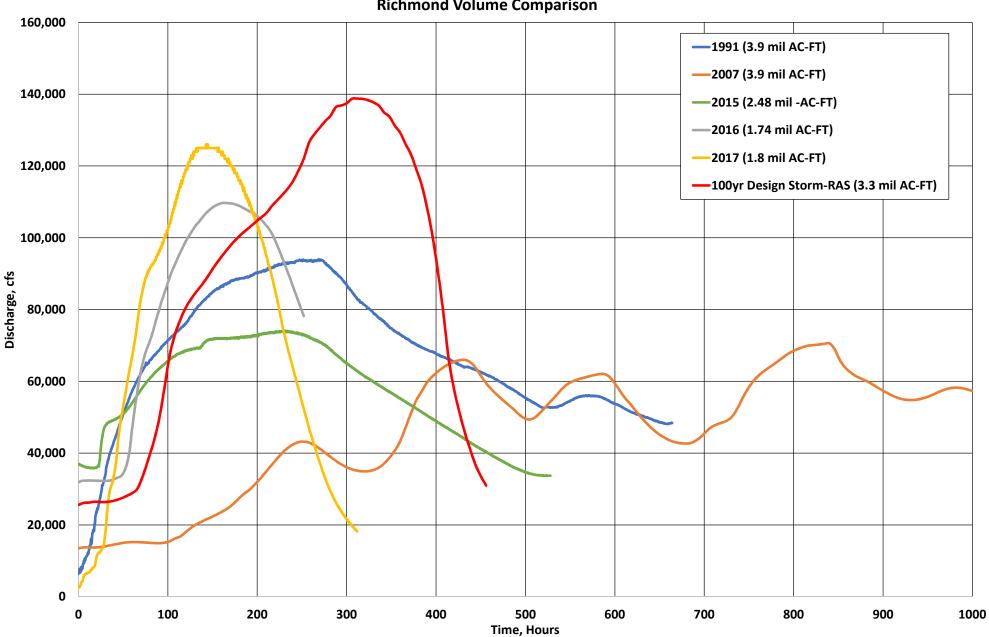


Brazos River Lateral Flows

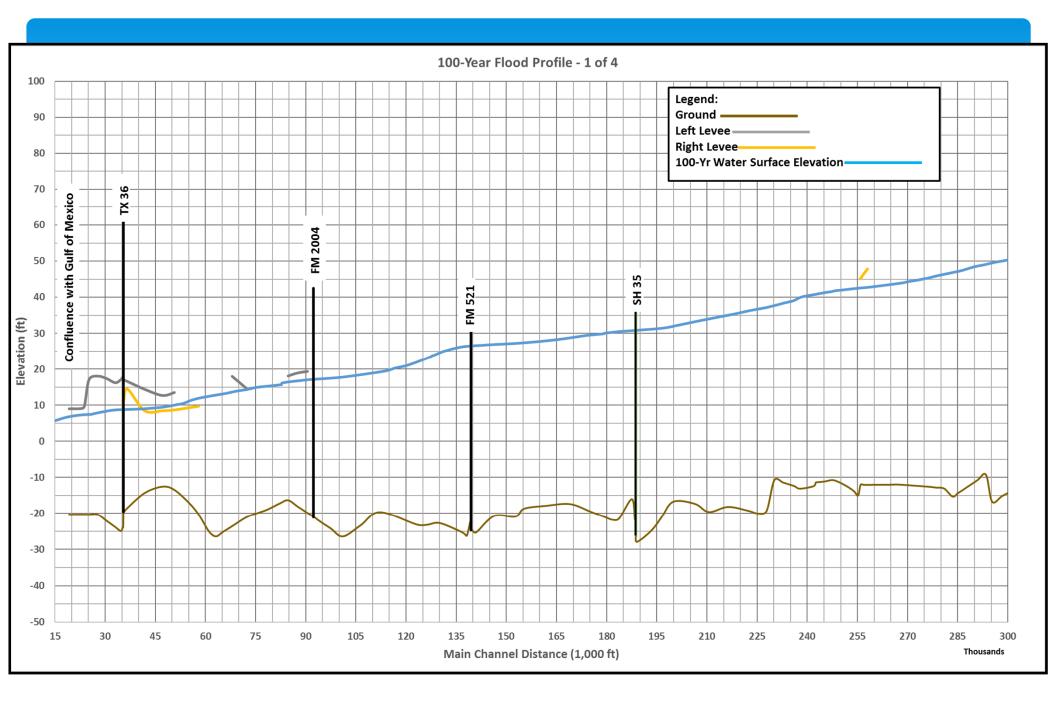


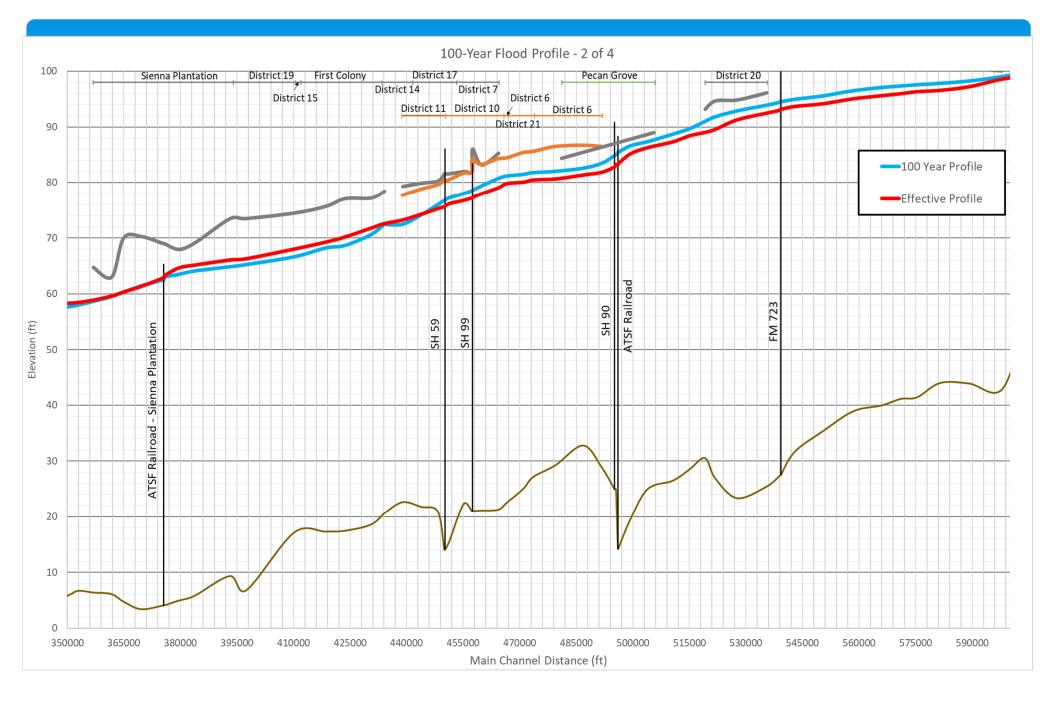
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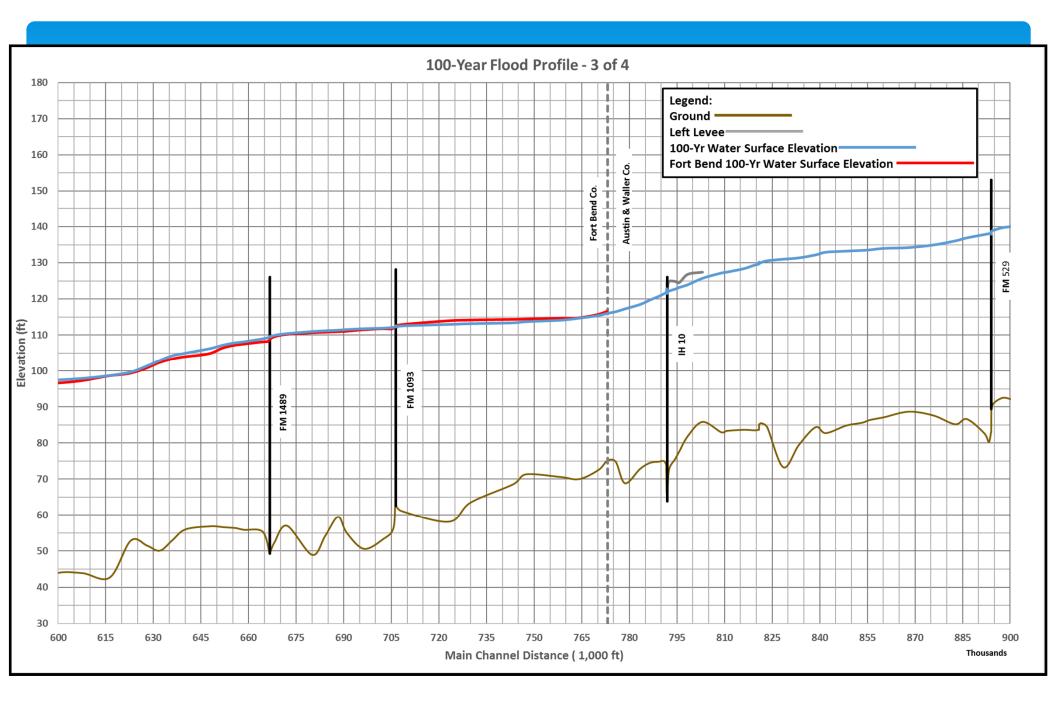


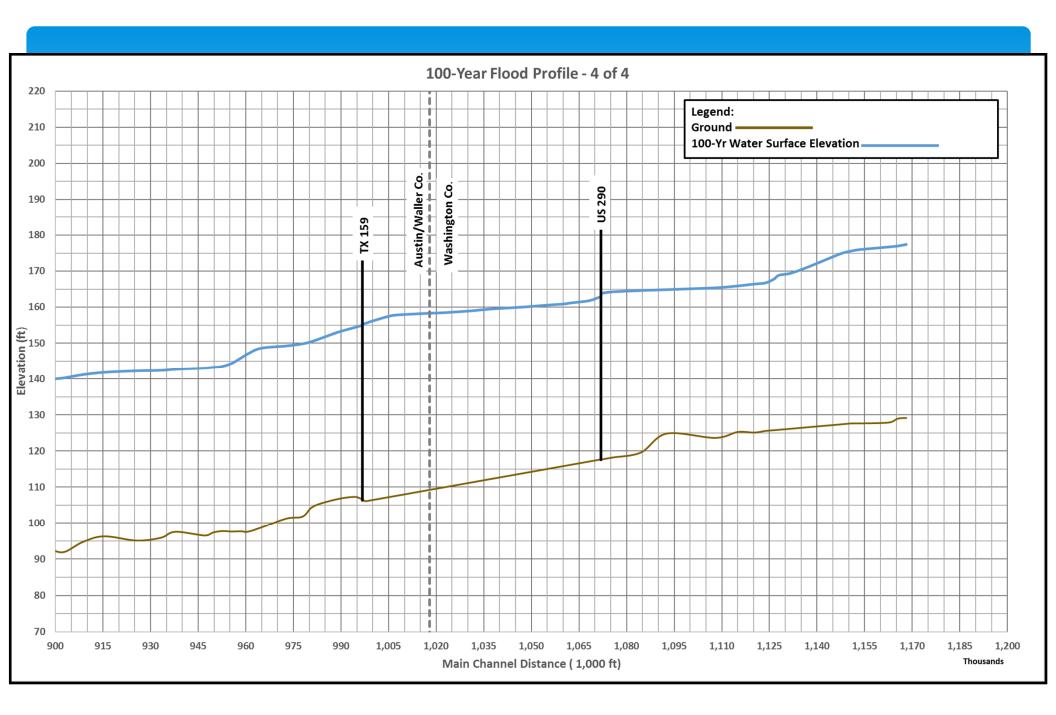


Richmond Volume Comparison

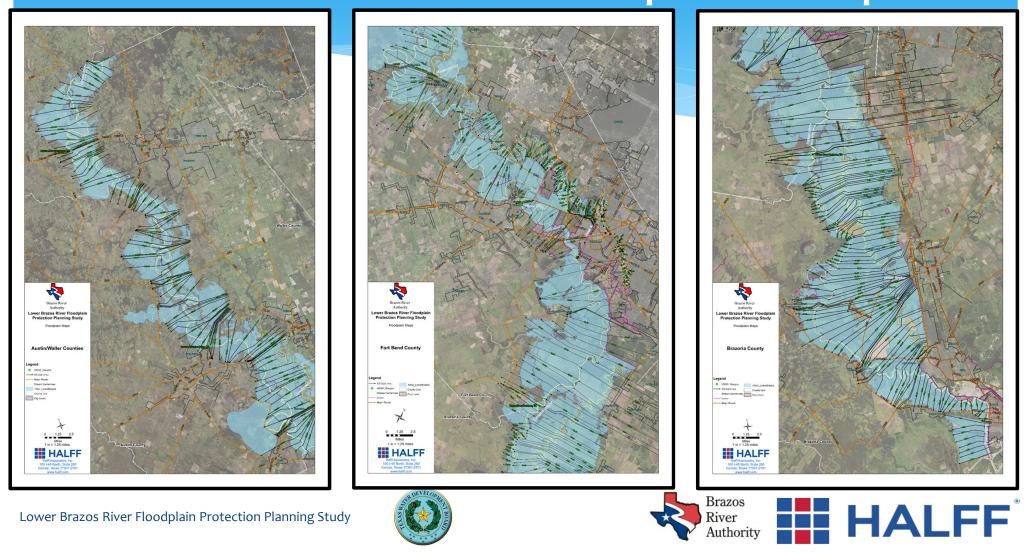








Draft 100-Year Floodplain Maps



Next Steps

- * Phase II Field Surveys Complete
- * Finalize Hydrology Complete
- * Hydraulics Feb 2018
- * Alternatives Formulation March 2018
- * Flood Damage Analysis Modeling May 2018
- * Environmental Constraints Analysis May 2018
- * Draft Report August 2018
- Final Report September 2018





Flood Reduction Alternatives

* Structural

- * New levees or improvements to existing levees
- * Large scale detention or off-channel storage
- * Non-Structural
 - * Buyouts of floodprone areas
 - * Elevation of structures in floodprone areas
- * Key points for Flood Monitoring Curves at Rosharon
- * Focus on areas with large numbers of flood claims





Flood Damage Analysis

- Developed a building layer to determine potential flood damages
 - * Utilized current data from appraisal districts in Brazoria, Fort Bend, Waller, Austin and Washington Counties
- * Identified Repetitive Loss Areas along the Brazos River to help determine flood alternative locations





Environmental Constraint Analysis

- * Desk level environmental analysis was completed to determine environmental sensitive areas
- Environmental field visits will be completed on selected alternative areas





Questions?